- **23. a.** y = 233(1.06)'; about 261.8 million
 - **b.** 2009
- **24. a.** $y = 325(0.71)^t$
 - **b.** about 3.4 h
- **25.** Power of a Power Property; Evaluate power; Rewrite in form $y = a(1 + r)^t$.
- **26.** Power of a Power Property; Evaluate power; Rewrite in form $y = a(1 r)^t$.
- **27.** about 0.01%
- **28.** about 56%
- **29.** y = a(1 + 0.26)'; 26% growth
- **30.** $y = a(1 + 0.26)^t$; 26% growth
- **31.** $y = a(1 0.06)^t$; 6% decay
- **32.** $y = a(1 0.14)^t$; 14% decay
- **33.** $y = a(1 0.04)^t$; 4% decay
- **34.** $y = a(1 + 0.01)^t$; 1% growth
- **35.** $y = a(1 + 255)^t$; 25,500% growth
- **36.** $y = a(1 0.96)^t$; 96% decay
- **37.** \$5593.60
- **38.** quarterly ≈ \$432.11; monthly ≈ \$433.29; daily ≈ \$433.86
- **39.** The percent decrease needs to be subtracted from 1 to produce the decay factor;

$$y = \frac{\text{Initial}}{\text{amount}} \frac{\text{Decay}}{\text{factor}}'; y = 500(1 - 0.02)'; y = 500(0.98)'$$

40. The percentage rate was not converted to a decimal;

$$A = 250\left(1 + \frac{0.0125}{4}\right)^{4 \cdot 3}; A \approx $259.54$$

- **41.** \$3982.92
- **42.** \$4014.98
- **43.** \$3906.18
- **44.** \$3774.71